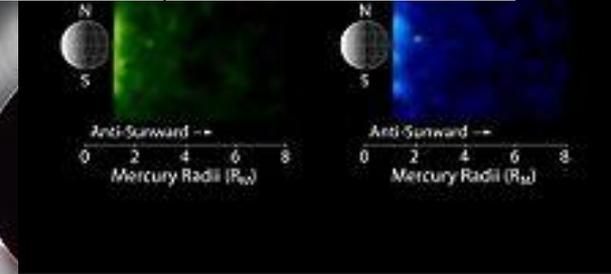
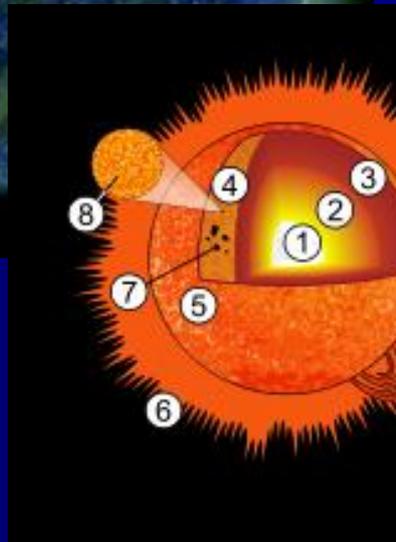
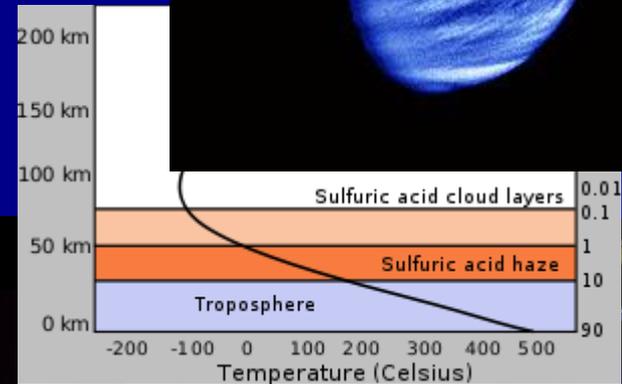
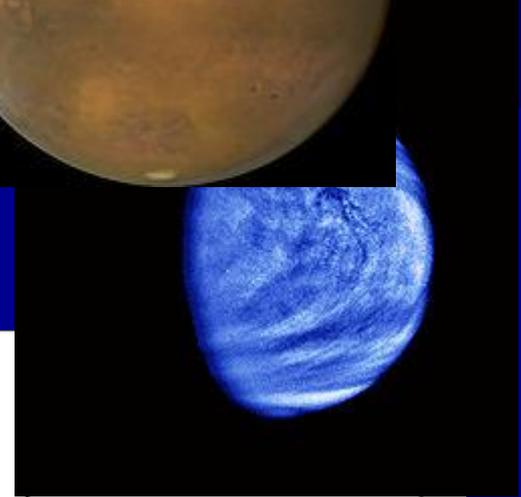


Space &
Atmospheric
Physics

Space & Atmospheric Physics



Lecture – 7

Earth Atmosphere

Retaining of Gases in the Earth

Major / Minor constituents

Barometric Equation

Scale Height

Atmospheric Regions

Temperature Profiles

Retaining of Gases

Number Density Profiles

Global Warming



Global Warming

Global warming is the rise in the average temperature of Earth's atmosphere and oceans since the late 19th century and its projected continuation.

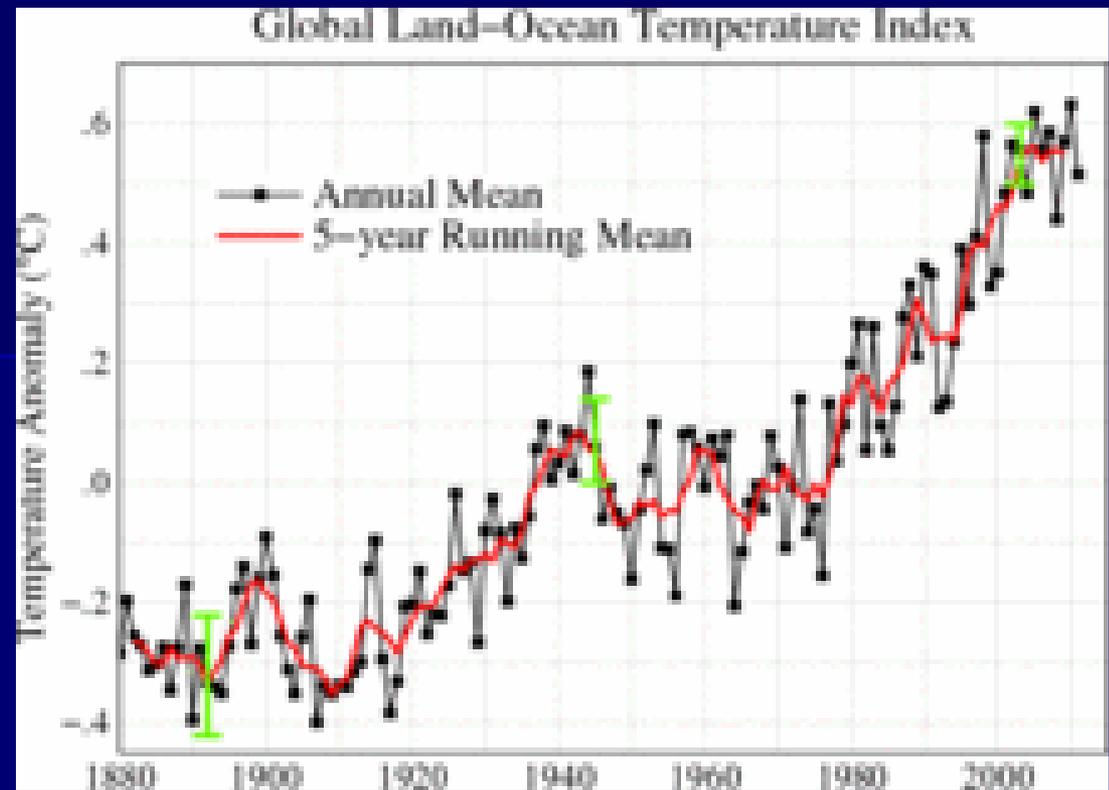


Global Warming

Since the early 20th century, Earth's mean surface temperature has increased by about 0.8 °C, with about two-thirds of the increase occurring since 1980.

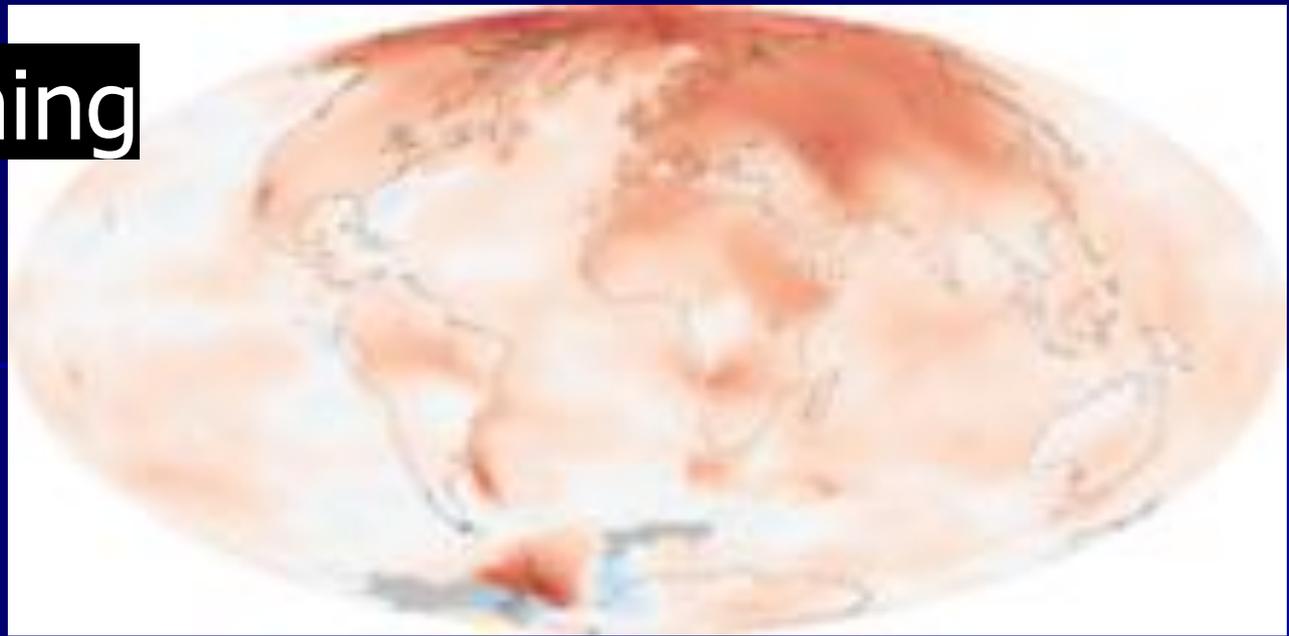


Global Warming



Global mean land-ocean temperature change from 1880–2011, relative to the 1951–1980 mean. The black line is the annual mean and the red line is the 5-year running mean. The green bars show uncertainty estimates. (Source: NASA GISS)

Global Warming



The map shows the 10-year average (2000–2009) global mean **temperature anomaly** relative to the 1951–1980 mean.

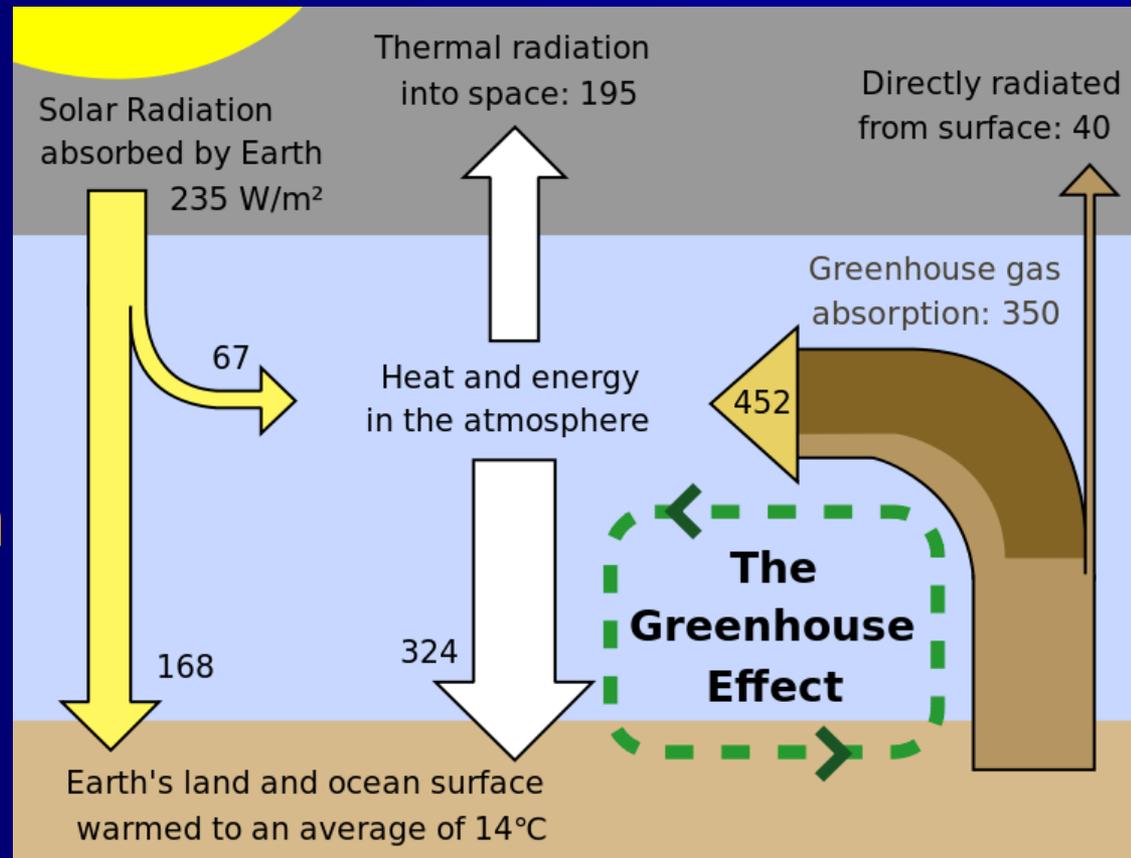
The largest **temperature increases** are in the Arctic and the Antarctic Peninsula. Source:

NASA Earth Observatory

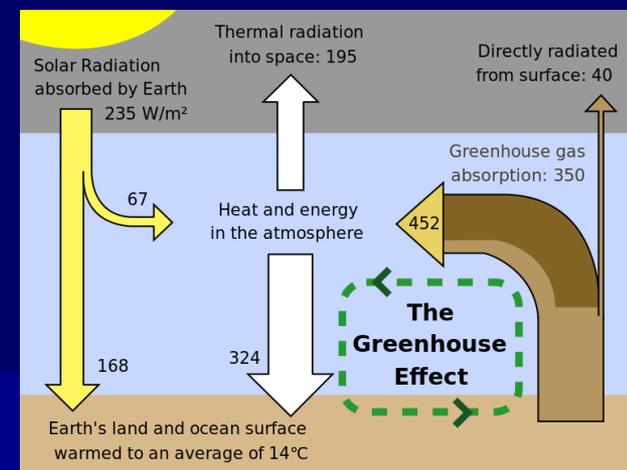
Initial causes of temperature changes

Greenhouse gases:

The greenhouse effect is the process by which absorption and emission of infrared radiation by gases in the atmosphere warm a planet's lower atmosphere and surface.



Initial causes of temperature changes



Naturally occurring amounts of greenhouse gases have a mean warming effect of about 33 °C (59 °F). The major greenhouse gases are **water vapor, which causes about 36–70% of the greenhouse effect; carbon dioxide (CO₂), which causes 9–26%; methane (CH₄), which causes 4–9%; and ozone (O₃), which causes 3–7%.** Clouds also affect the radiation balance through cloud forcing similar to greenhouse gases.

Initial causes of temperature changes

Particulates (අංශු) and soot (උෂ්ණ)

Global dimming, a gradual reduction in the amount of global direct irradiance at the Earth's surface, was observed from 1961 until at least 1990. The main cause of this dimming is particulates (අංශු) produced by volcanoes and human made pollutants, which exerts a cooling effect by increasing the reflection of incoming sunlight.



Initial causes of temperature changes

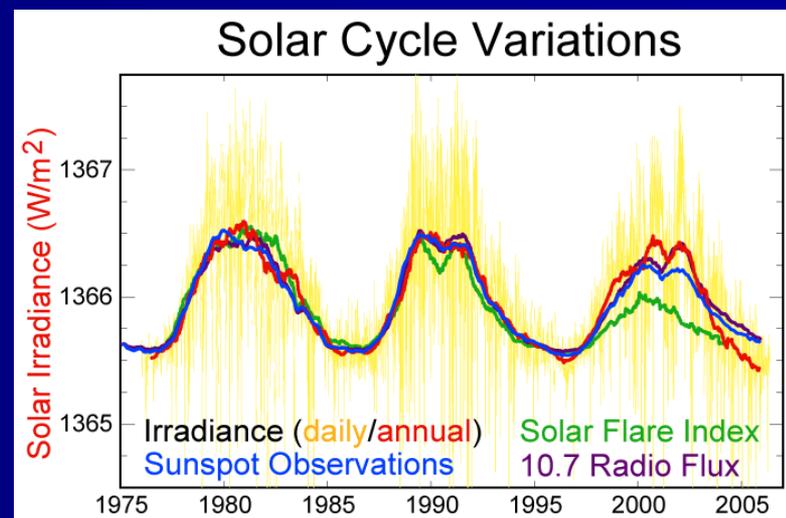


Soot (एकै) may cool or warm the surface, depending on whether it is airborne or deposited. Atmospheric soot directly absorb solar radiation, which heats the atmosphere and cools the surface. In isolated areas with high soot production, such as rural India, as much as 50% of surface warming due to greenhouse gases may be masked by atmospheric brown cloud.

Initial causes of temperature changes

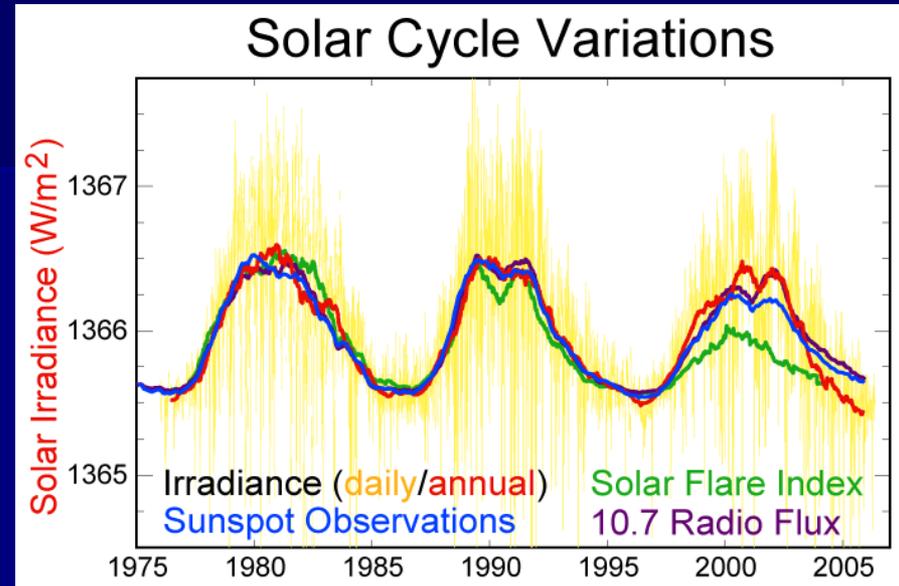
Solar activity

Solar variations causing changes in solar radiation energy reaching the Earth have been the cause of past climate changes. The effect of changes in solar forcing in recent decades is uncertain, but small, with some studies showing a slight cooling effect, while others studies suggest a slight warming effect.



Initial causes of temperature changes

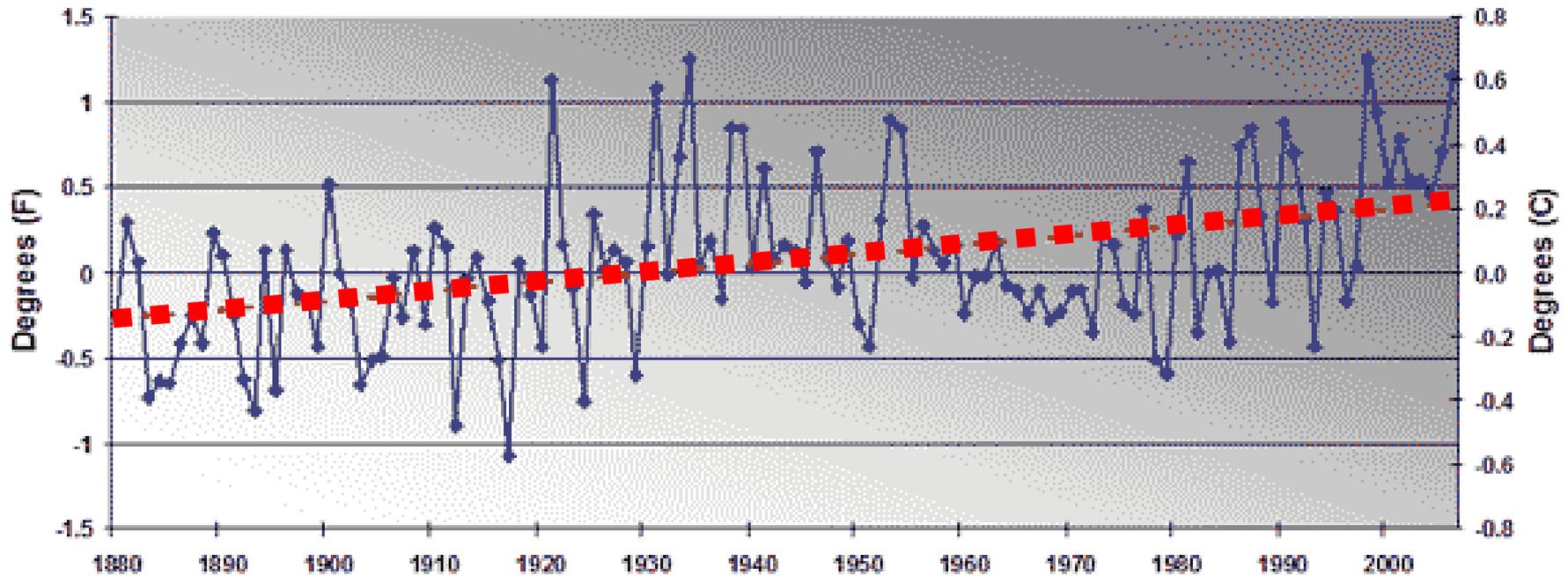
Solar activity



Studies in 2011 have indicated that solar activity may be slowing, and that the next solar cycle could be delayed. To what extent is not yet clear; Solar Cycle 25 is due to start in 2020, but may be delayed to 2022 or even longer.

Global Warming

U.S. National Surface Temperature (48 states)-- 1880 to 2006
Annual Temperature Deviation from Period 1951-1980 (NASA)



- **There is a future threat of melting the glaciers in the polar regions of the Earth as a consequence of global warming. Ecologists have predicted that before the end of year 2050, the glaciers in the Polar Regions will melt entirely.** The following table depicts the variation of the temperature and the prevailed carbon dioxide percentage of the environment with time for the last 27 years in the Arctic region of the earth. Values given here are the annual averages of daily records.

P. T. O...

Year	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Average Temperature (°C)	-40.0	-38.1	-38.0	-37.0	-36.4	-35.7	-35.2	-34.3	-33.9
Environment CO ₂ percentage	0.5	1.0	1.9	2.0	3.0	3.9	4.2	5.0	5.2

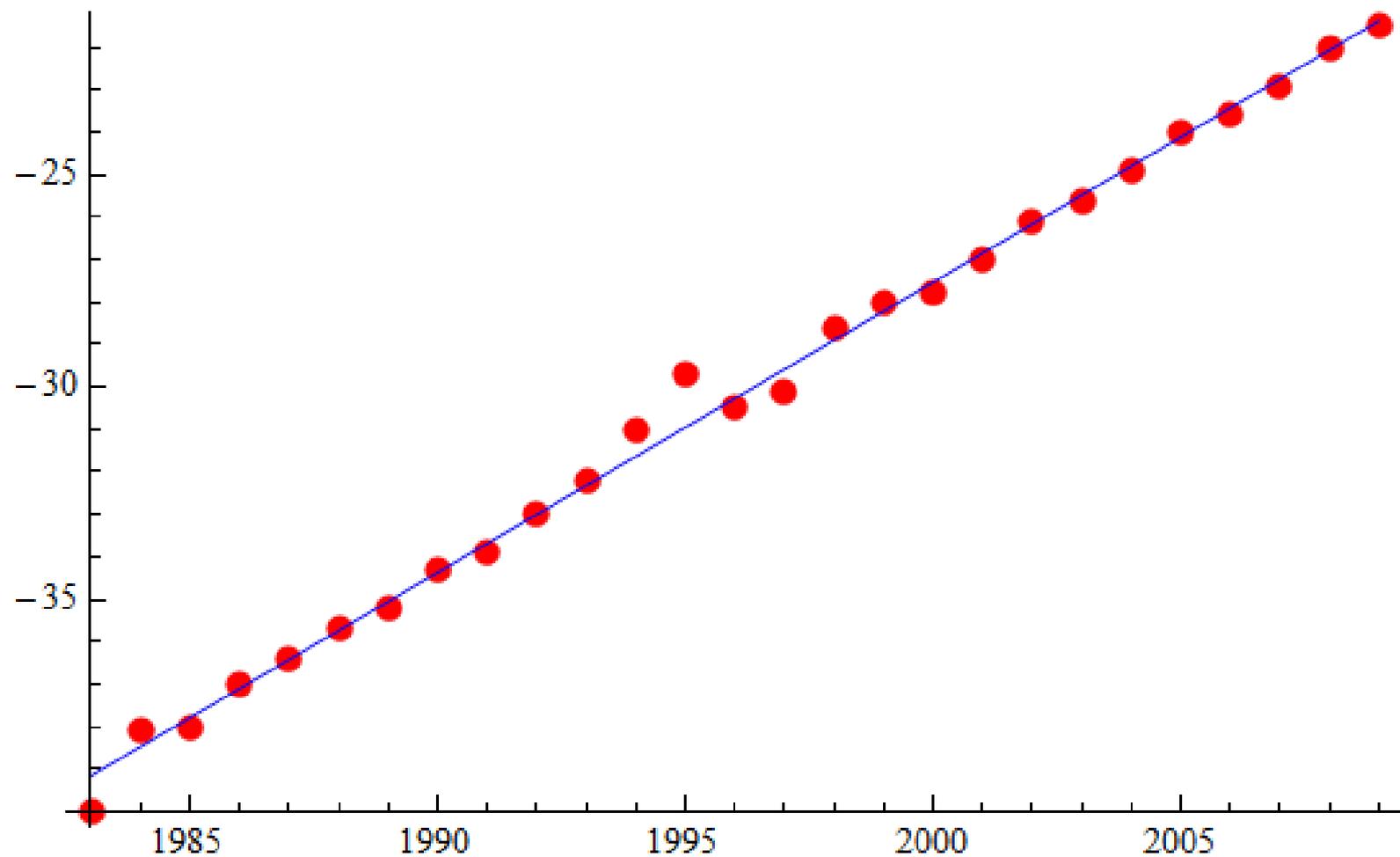
Year	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000
Average Temperature (°C)	-33.0	-32.2	-31.0	-29.7	-30.5	-30.1	-28.6	-28.0	-27.8
Environment CO ₂ percentage	6.0	7.1	7.9	8.9	9.1	10.1	11.3	11.1	12.0

Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Average Temperature (°C)	-27.0	-26.1	-25.6	-24.9	-24.0	-23.6	-22.9	-22.0	-21.5
Environment CO ₂ percentage	12.9	13.1	14.1	15.2	15.3	16.5	16.9	18.0	18.9

```
yr = Table[i, {i, 1983, 2009}];
temp = {-40.0, -38.1, -38.0, -37.0, -36.4, -35.7, -35.2, -34.3, -33.9, -33.0, -32.2, -31.0,
        -29.7, -30.5, -30.1, -28.6, -28.0, -27.8, -27.0, -26.1, -25.6, -24.9, -24.0, -23.6, -22.9, -22.0, -21.5};
co2 = {0.5, 1.0, 1.9, 2.0, 3.0, 3.9, 4.2, 5.0, 5.2, 6.0, 7.1, 7.9, 8.9, 9.1, 10.1, 11.3, 11.1,
        12.0, 12.9, 13.1, 14.1, 15.2, 15.3, 16.5, 16.9, 18.0, 18.9};
tdata = Transpose[{yr, temp}];
g1 = ListPlot[tdata, PlotStyle -> {RGBColor[1, 0, 0], PointSize[0.02]};
f = Fit[tdata, {t, 1}, t];
g2 = Plot[f, {t, tdata[[1, 1]], Last[tdata][[1]]}, PlotStyle -> RGBColor[0, 0, 1];
Show[g1, g2]
Print["The Temperature w.r.t time : ", f]
Print["The Temperature will be zero on : ", Solve[f == 0, t]]

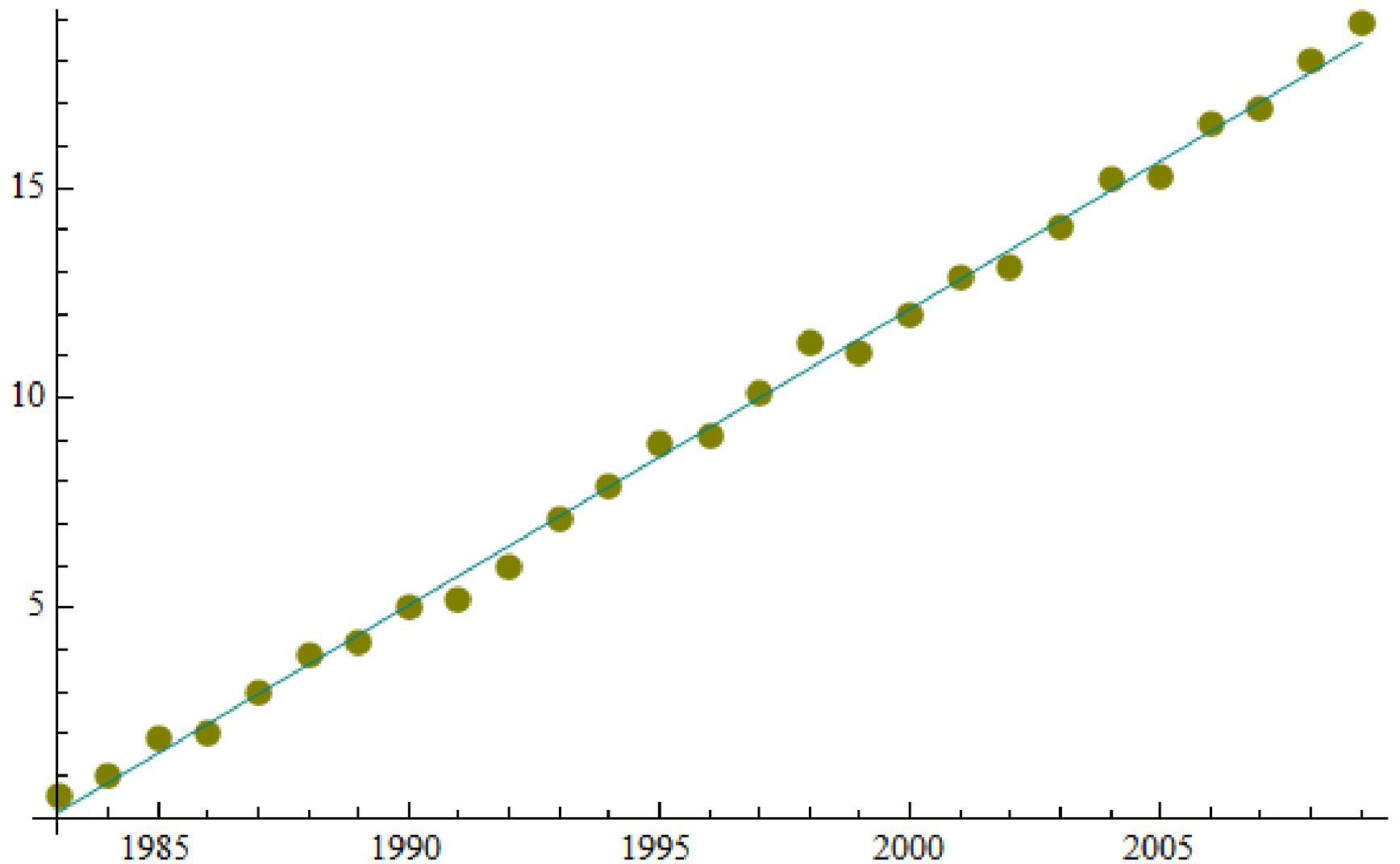
codata = Transpose[{yr, co2}];
g3 = ListPlot[codata, PlotStyle -> {RGBColor[0.5, 0.5, 0], PointSize[0.02]};
ff = Fit[codata, {t, 1}, t];
g4 = Plot[ff, {t, codata[[1, 1]], Last[codata][[1]]}, PlotStyle -> RGBColor[0, 0.5, 0.5];
Show[g3, g4]
Print["The CO2 % w.r.t time : ", ff]
Print["The CO2 % on year 2040: ", ff /. t -> 2040, " %"]

cotdata = Transpose[{co2, temp}];
g5 = ListPlot[cotdata, PlotStyle -> {RGBColor[0.25, 0.25, 0], PointSize[0.02]};
Print["The Temperature % w.r.t CO2 % : ", fff]
fff = Fit[cotdata, {x, 1}, x];
g6 = Plot[fff, {x, cotdata[[1, 1]], Last[cotdata][[1]]}, PlotStyle -> RGBColor[0, 0.25, 0.25];
Show[g5, g6]
Print["The Temperature and w.r.t CO2 has a LINEAR RELATIONSHIP ! "]
```



The Temperature w.r.t time : $-1395.66 + 0.684066 t$

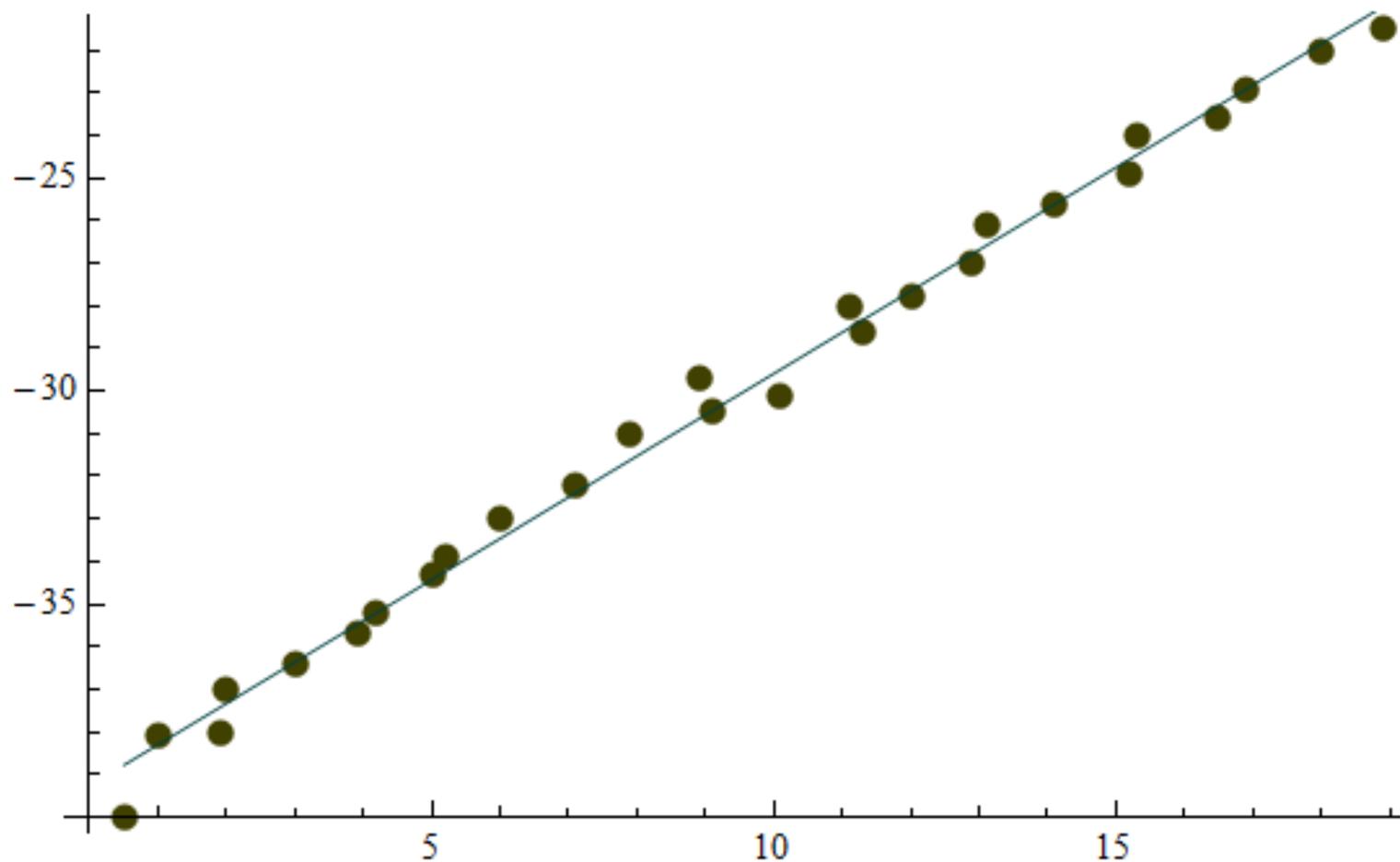
The Temperature will be zero on : $\{t \rightarrow 2040.24\}$



The CO2 % w.r.t time : $-1397.77 + 0.704945 t$

The CO2 % on year 2040: 40.3176 %

The Temperature % w.r.t CO2 % : $-39.2642 + 0.967879 x$

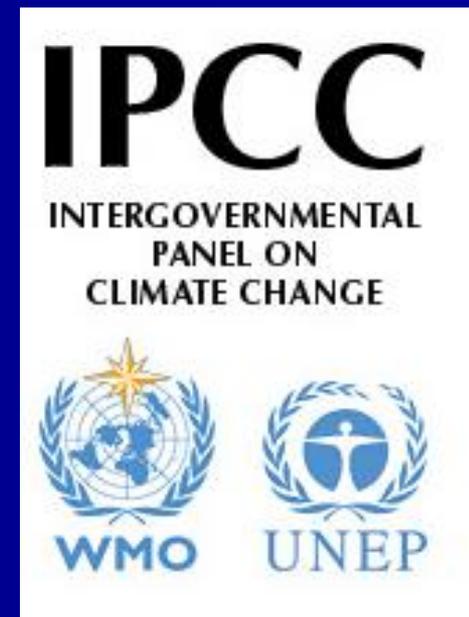


The Temperature and w.r.t CO2 has a LINEAR RELATIONSHIP !

The Nobel Peace Prize 2007

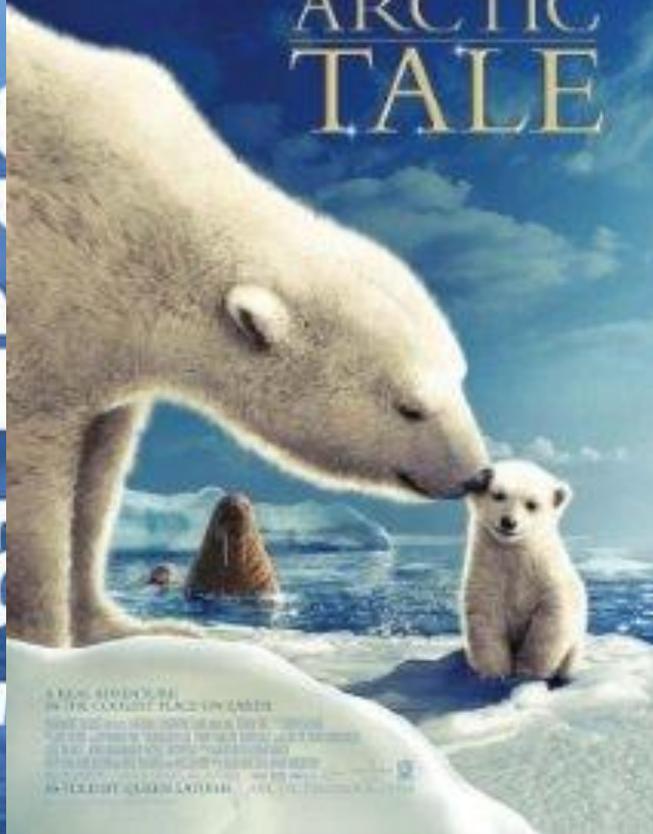
Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change , Al Gore

The Nobel Peace Prize 2007 was awarded jointly to Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) and Albert Arnold (Al) Gore Jr. *"for their efforts to build up and disseminate greater knowledge about man-made climate change, and to lay the foundations for the measures that are needed to counteract such change"*



FROM THE PEOPLE WHO BROUGHT YOU SEARCH OF THE BEARINGS

ARCTIC TALE



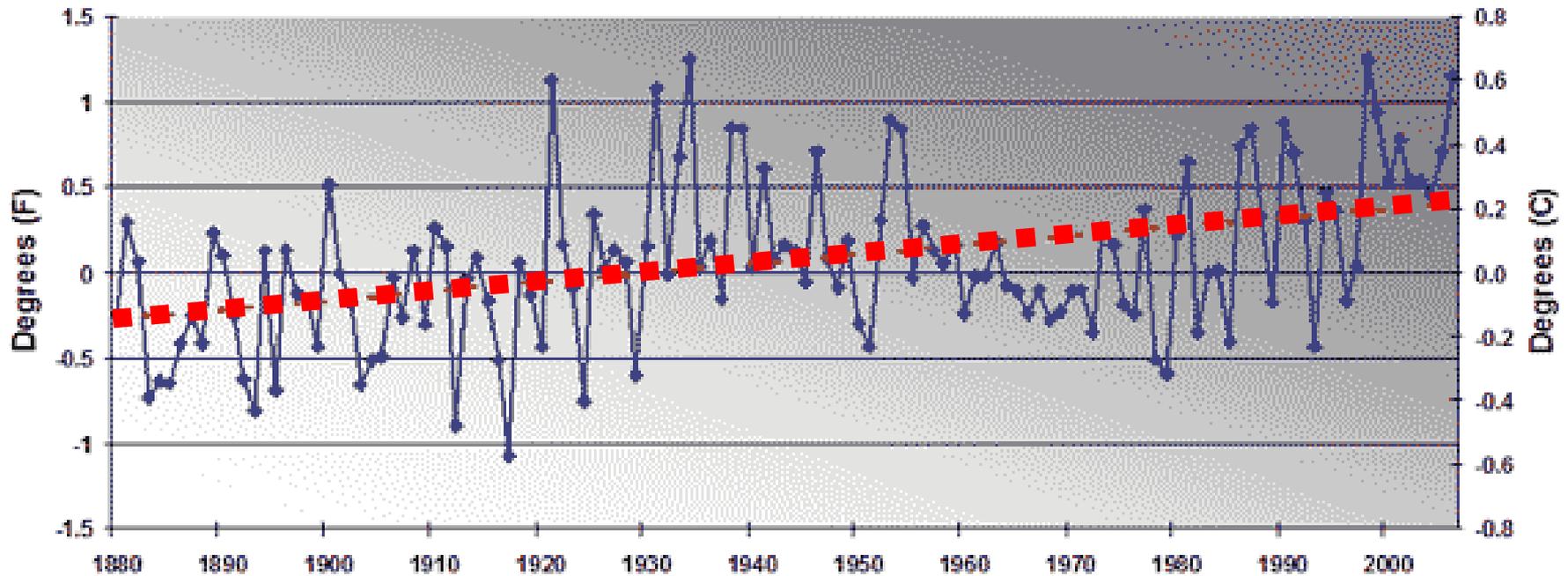
Two narratives -- the life cycle of a mother walrus and her calf, and the life of a polar bear and her cubs -- are used to illustrate the harsh realities of existence in the Arctic.

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(not ev



Global Warming

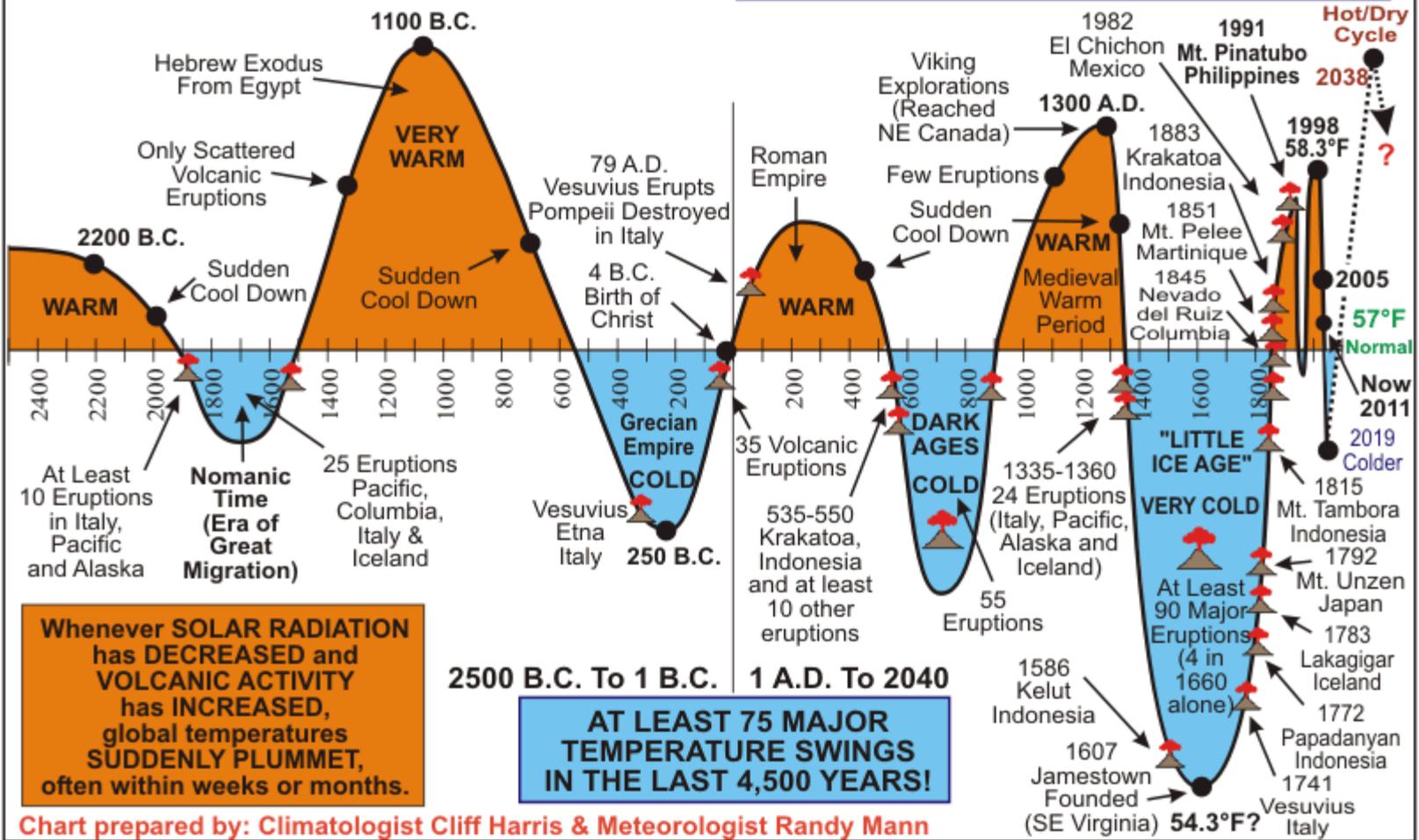
U.S. National Surface Temperature (48 states)-- 1880 to 2006
Annual Temperature Deviation from Period 1951-1980 (NASA)



GLOBAL TEMPERATURES (2500 B.C. TO 2040 A.D.)

MAJOR GLOBAL COOLING SINCE LATE 2007
A 0.9 Degree Fahrenheit drop in global temperatures from late 2007 to February 2009.

MOUNT PINATUBO ERUPTION (Philippines)
1.1 Degree F. Rapid Cool Down (June 1991 to March 1992)
Global Temperature Went From 0.6 Degrees Above Normal To 0.5 Degrees Below Normal.



Global temperature chart was compiled by Climatologist Cliff Harris that combined the following resources:

"Climate and the Affairs of Men" by Dr. Iben Browing.

"Climate...The Key to Understanding Business Cycles...The Raymond H. Wheeler Papers. By Michael Zahorchak

Weather Science Foundation Papers in Crystal Lake, Illinois.

Top 10 Things You Can Do to Reduce Global Warming

- 1. Reduce, Reuse, Recycle**
- 2. Use Less Heat and Air Conditioning**
- 3. Change a Light Bulb**
(CFL, most suitable LED Bulbs)
- 4. Drive Less and Drive Smart**
- 5. Buy Energy-Efficient Products**
(Plasma Disply, CRT Disply, LCD, LED , **OLED**)
- 6. Use Less Hot Water**
- 7. Use the "Off" Switch**
- 8. Plant a Tree**
- 9. Get a Report Card from your Utility Company**
- 10. Encourage Others to Conserve**

Top 10 Things You Can Do to Reduce Global Warming

10. Encourage Others to Conserve

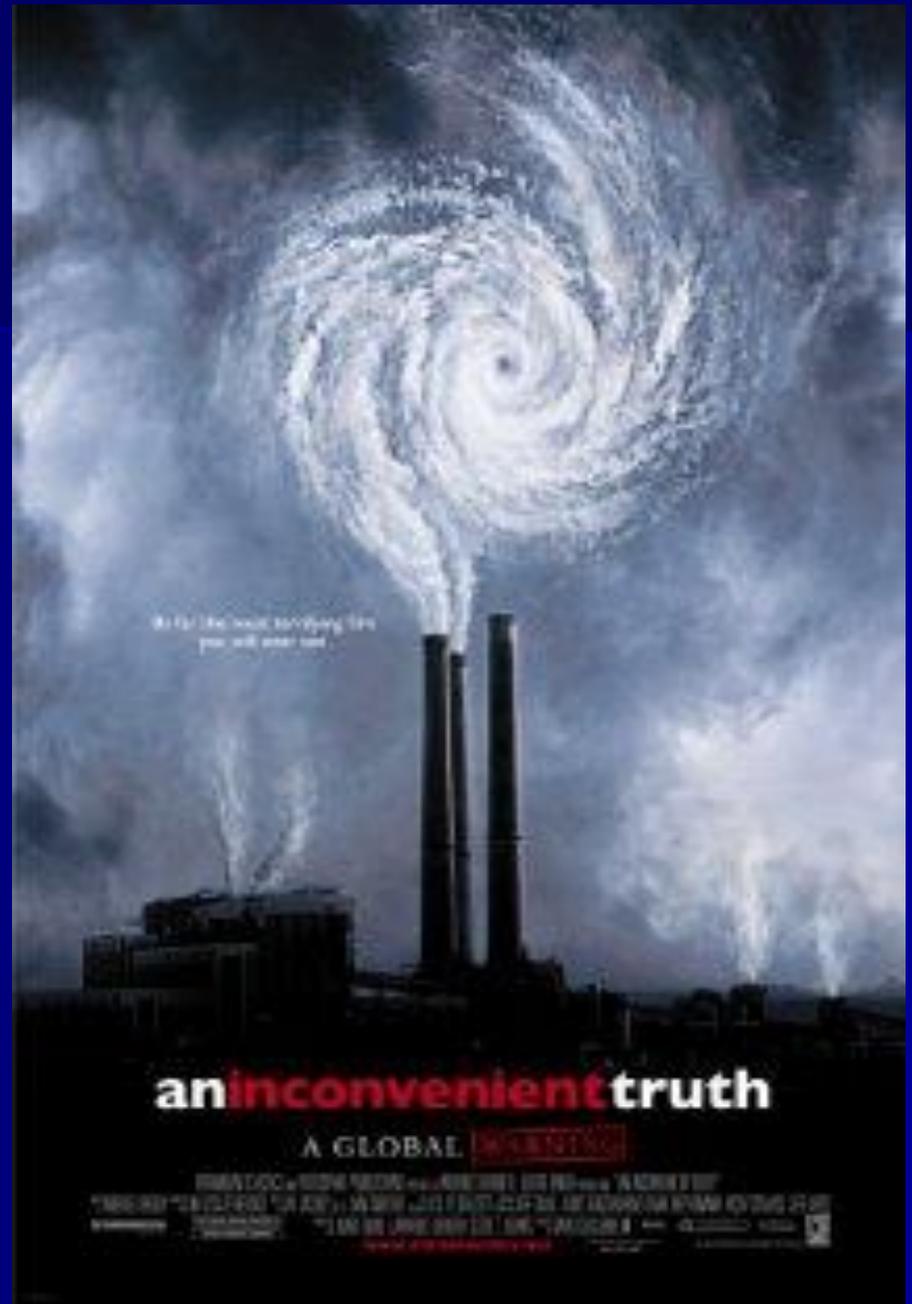
Share information about recycling and energy conservation with your friends, neighbors and co-workers, and take opportunities to encourage public officials to establish programs and policies that are good for the environment.

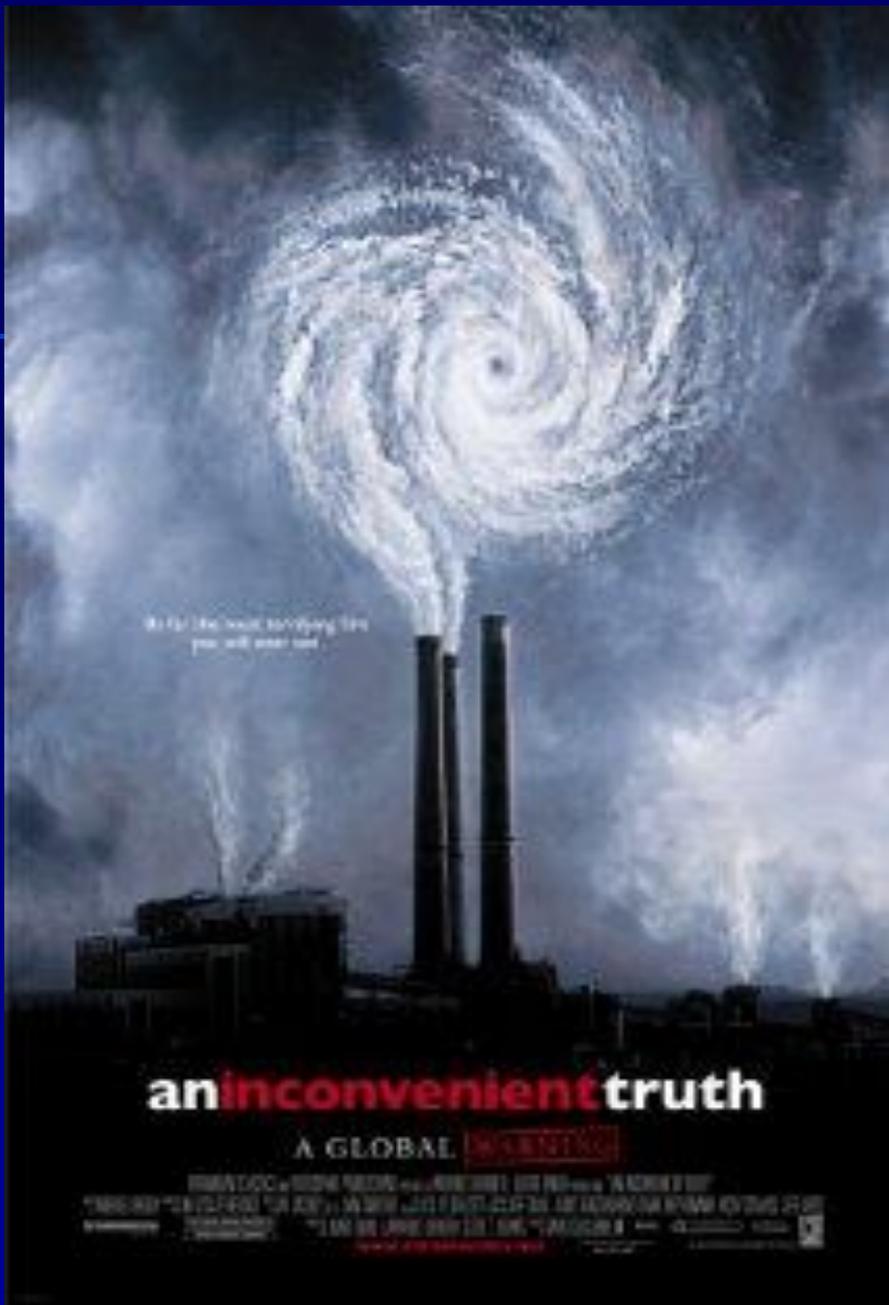
These 10 steps will take you a long way toward reducing your energy use and your monthly budget. And less energy use means less dependence on the fossil fuels that create greenhouse gases and contribute to global warming.

An Inconvenient Truth

Documentary Film
based on the
Global Warming...

(~ 100 min)





An Inconvenient Truth



en.wikipedia.org

An Inconvenient Truth is a 2006 documentary film directed by Davis Guggenheim about former United States Vice President Al Gore's campaign to educate citizens about global warming via a comprehensive ... Wikipedia

Release date: January 24, 2006 (initial release)

Director: [Davis Guggenheim](#)

DVD release date: November 21, 2006

Awards: NAACP Image Award for Outstanding Foreign Motion Picture, [More](#)

Producers: [Lawrence Bender](#), [Laurie David](#), [Al Gore](#)

Cast: [Al Gore](#), [Billy West](#)

A documentary on Al Gore's campaign to make the issue of global warming a recognized problem worldwide.

"It is now clear that we face a deepening global climate crisis that requires us to act boldly, quickly, and wisely," said Gore.

An Inconvenient Truth (2006)

Oscar-winning documentary about the environment featuring the unlikeliest of movie stars. Former presidential candidate **Al Gore** holds this film together as, in front of an audience and with few aids beyond photo slides, he explains how humans have messed up the planet. Gore issues an urgent warning on what must be done, and done quickly, to save the earth.

An Inconvenient Truth



Theatrical release poster

Directed by Davis Guggenheim
Produced by Laurie David
Lawrence Bender
Scott Z. Burns

Written by Al Gore
Starring Al Gore
Music by Michael Brook
Cinematography Bob Richman
Davis Guggenheim
Edited by Jay Cassidy
Dan Swietlik
Production company Lawrence Bender
Productions
Participant Productions
Distributed by Paramount Classics
Release date May 24, 2006
Running time 97 minutes^[1]
Country United States
Language English
Budget \$1.5 million^[2]
Box office \$49.8 million^[3]



An Inconvenient Sequel: Truth to Power (2017)

★ 6.3 /10
5,795

☆ Rate
This

PG | 1h 38min | Documentary | 4 August 2017 (USA)



A decade after [An Inconvenient Truth](#) (2006) brought climate change to the heart of popular culture, the follow-up shows just how close we are to a real energy revolution.

Directors: [Bonni Cohen](#), [Jon Shenk](#)

Writer: [Al Gore](#)

Stars: [Al Gore](#), [George W. Bush](#), [Bill Clinton](#) | [See full cast & crew »](#)

68 Metascore
From [metacritic.com](#)

Reviews
56 user | 99 critic

Nominated for 1 BAFTA Film Award. Another 3 wins & 12 nominations. [See more awards »](#)

Further More...

[FULL CAST AND CREW](#)

[TRIVIA](#)

[USER REVIEWS](#)

[IMDbPro](#)

[MORE](#) ▾

[SHARE](#)



Not Evil Just Wrong (2009)

★ 5.8/10
227

☆ Rate This

PG | 1h 30min | Documentary | 18 October 2009 (USA)



Examines how extreme environmentalism is damaging lives of vulnerable populations in the developed and developing world, from the ban on DDT to the current campaigns on global warming.

Directors: [Phelim McAleer](#), [Ann McElhinney](#)

Writers: [Phelim McAleer](#), [Ann McElhinney](#)

Reviews

4 user | 1 critic

Further More...

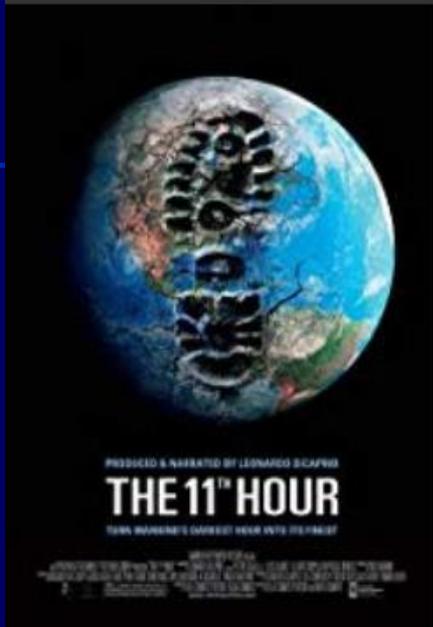


The 11th Hour (2007)

★ 7.3 /10
5,327

☆ Rate This

PG | 1h 35min | Documentary | 10 October 2007 (Philippines)



2:19 | Trailer

2 VIDEOS | 38 IMAGES

A look at the state of the global environment including visionary and practical solutions for restoring the planet's ecosystems.

Directors: [Leila Conners](#) (as Leila Conners Petersen), [Nadia Conners](#)

Writers: [Leila Conners](#) (as Leila Conners Petersen), [Nadia Conners](#) | [1 more credit](#) »

Stars: [Leonardo DiCaprio](#), [Kenny Ausubel](#), [Thom Hartmann](#) | [See full cast & crew](#) »

63 Metascore
From metacritic.com

Reviews
50 user | 82 critic

3 nominations. [See more awards](#) »

Further More...



Everything's Cool (2007)

Not Rated | 1h 29min | Documentary | 31 May 2007 (USA)

★ 6.8₂₀₀/10

☆ Rate This



For the past two decades researchers, activists, scientists, and progressive politicians have struggled to rouse the public and the federal government to take action on global warming. ...

[See full summary »](#)

Directors: Daniel B. Gold, Judith Helfand

Stars: Daniel B. Gold, Ross Gelbspan, Bill McKibben |

[See full cast & crew »](#)

54

Metascore

From metacritic.com

Reviews

5 user | 11 critic

1 nomination. [See more awards »](#)

Further More...



Before the Flood (2016)

★ 8.3 / 10
21,197

☆ Rate This

PG | 1h 36min | Documentary, News | 30 October 2016 (USA)



A look at how climate change affects our environment and what society can do to prevent the demise of endangered species, ecosystems and native communities across the planet.

Director: [Fisher Stevens](#)

Writer: [Mark Monroe](#)

Stars: [Leonardo DiCaprio](#), [Ki-moon Ban](#), [Alejandro G. Iñárritu](#) | [See full cast & crew »](#)

63 Metascore
From [metacritic.com](#)

Reviews
142 user | 29 critic

2 wins & 7 nominations. [See more awards »](#)

The Ionosphere

Introduction

The Chapman Layer Theory

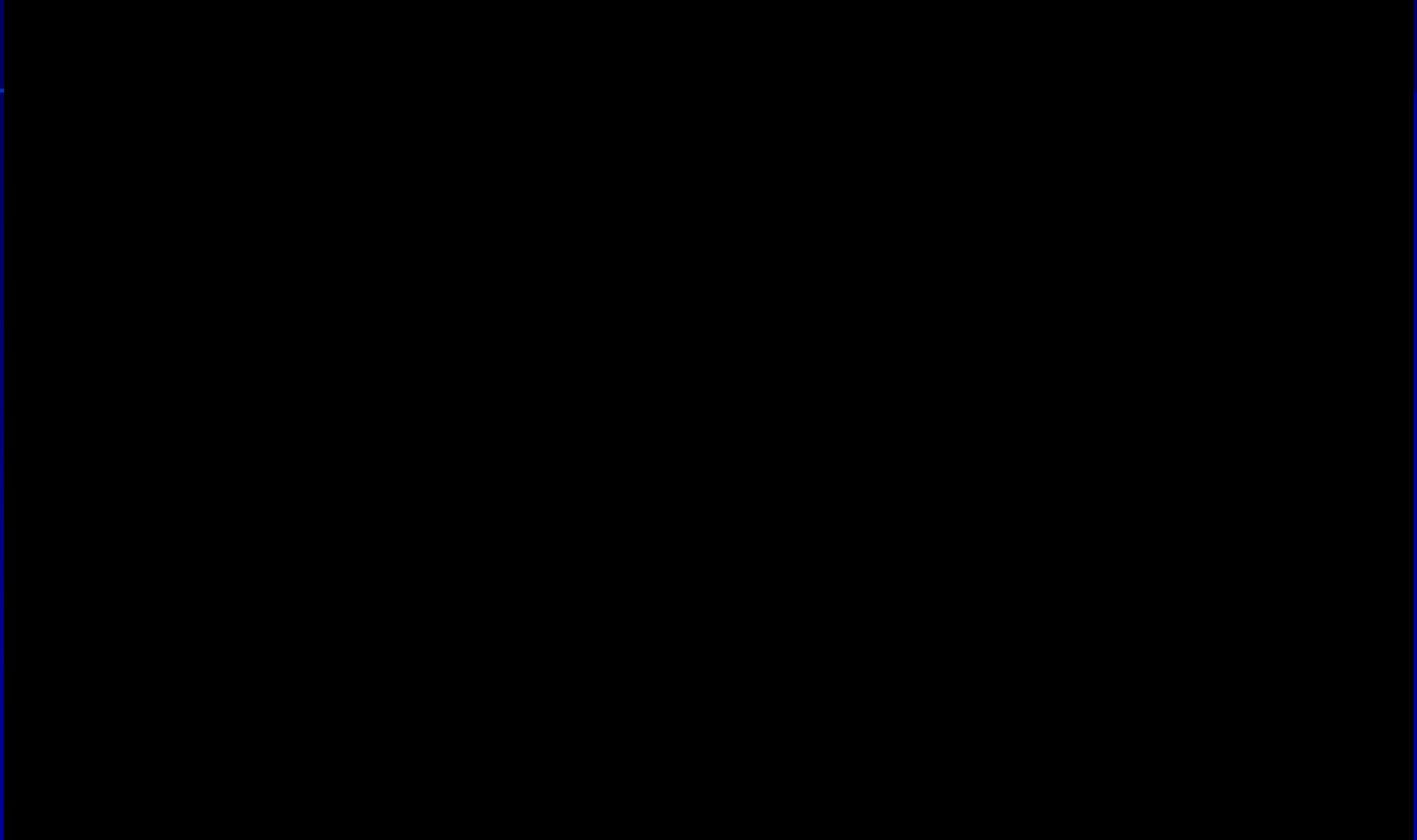
Plasma Frequency

Collision Frequency and Absorption

The Structure of the Ionosphere and the
Plasmasphere

Regular and Irregular Variations of the Ionosphere

Introduction – A video





Thank You !